CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G Herbicide

NOT FOR USE ON HOME LAWNS

FOR SALE TO, USE AND STORAGE BY COMMERCIAL NURSERY, TURF AND LANDSCAPE PERSONNEL ONLY Selective, preemergent herbicide for the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Turf and woody Ornamental shrubs, vines, and trees.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

EPA Reg. No. 264-445 EPA Est. No. 33560-TN-1

WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For <u>MEDICAL</u> and <u>TRANSPORTATION</u> Emergencies <u>ONLY</u> Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577 For <u>PRODUCT USE</u> Information Call 1-800-334-9745

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

WARNING

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Causes skin and eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Do not get on skin or on clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, waterproof gloves, a chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, protective eyewear, chemical resistant headgear for overhead exposure and chemical resistant footwear plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash body thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. RONSTAR® should not be used in areas where irrigation or rainfall results in the direct or indirect (via ditches and canals) contamination of surface waters through dissolved runoff or erosion of soil particles to which oxidiazon is adsorbed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read entire label before using this product.

This Supplemental Label must be in possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, waterproof gloves, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks and chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

Do not apply CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G through any type of irrigation system.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Do not store in or around the home.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary land fill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GENERAL INFORMATION

CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G is a selective, preemergent herbicide for control of many annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in turf and on a wide variety of woody ornamental shrubs, vines, and trees. CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G controls weeds by killing the young weed seedlings as they come in contact with the herbicide during germination.

Apply CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G with a properly calibrated granular applicator that will apply the granules uniformly (uniform application is essential for satisfactory weed control). Calibrate the applicator prior to use, according to the manufacturer's directions, and check frequently during the application to be certain that the equipment is working properly.

Do not allow domestic animals to graze treated areas. Avoid contamination of water intended for irrigation and domestic use.

TURF

For use in established perennial Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Bermudagrass, Buffalograss, Perennial Ryegrass, St. Augustinegrass, Seashore Paspalum*, Tall Fescue, and Zoysia turf; such as, fairways, parks, golf courses, and lawns. Rake turf area free of leaves, mowing if necessary, so granules reach soil surface. Measure area to be treated and uniformly apply required amount, using a fertilizer spreader. Cross-treating with one-half required amount in each direction will give best results. **Do not** apply to wet turf. If rain is not expected shortly after application, irrigating turf thoroughly will increase effectiveness.

PREEMERGENT WEED CONTROL

	AMOUNT OF CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G		
WEEDS CONTROLLED	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ. FT.	DIRECTIONS
Crabgrass (<i>Digitaria spp.</i>) Goosegrass (<i>Eleusine indica</i>) *Field Sandbur (<i>Cenchus incertus</i>) *Annual Sedge (<i>Cyperus compressus</i>)	100 - 200 lbs.	2 1/4 - 4 1/2 lbs.	Apply in late winter or early spring prior to seed germination. Application made after March or April may not be fully effective.
*Annual Bluegrass (Poa Annua spp.) (See note below)	100-200 lbs.	2 1/4 - 41/2 lbs	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to seed germination.
Virginia Buttonweed (<i>Diodia virginiana</i>) Pigweed (<i>Amaranthus spp.</i>) Florida Pusley (<i>Richardia scabra</i>) Oxalis (<i>Oxalis spp.</i>) Stinging Nettle (<i>Urtica dioica</i>) Carpetgrass (<i>Axonapus offinis</i>)	200 lbs.	4 1/2 lbs.	Apply in early spring prior to seed germination.

^{*} Not currently registered for use in California.

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FALL APPLICATION FOR SPRING WEED CONTROL IN COOL SEASON TURF*

	AMOUNT OF CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G		
WEEDS CONTROLLED	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ. FT.	DIRECTIONS
Crabgrass, Goosegrass and other annual weeds	lbs.		For use in Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Perennial Ryegrass and Tall Fescue turf. Make application in the fall after turf has become dormant. For late, fall applications, seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after greenup.

^{*} Not currently registered for use in California.

ANNUAL WEED CONTROL DURING BERMUDAGRASS, ZOYSIAGRASS, SEASHORE PASPALUM, AND TROPIC LALO (Paspalum Hieronymii) ESTABLISHMENT FROM SPRIGS*

	AMOUNT OF CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G		
WEEDS CONTROLLED	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ. FT.	DIRECTIONS
Crabgrass, Goosegrass, Annual Sedge, and other annual weeds	100 to150 lbs.	2 1/4 to 3 3/8 lbs.	For Bermudagrass, make application immediately prior to or immediately after sprigging. For Seashore Paspalum, make application 10 to 14 days after sprigging. Applications made close to the time of sprigging may cause objectionable Seashore Paspalum injury. Disturbance of the soil surface after CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G application may disrupt the herbicide barrier and reduce effectiveness. Irrigate immediately after application for best results.

For St. Augustinegrass and Bentgrass turf, do not exceed the rate of 150 pounds per acre (3 pounds active ingredient) of CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G.

Do not apply to Bentgrass turf mowed at less than 3/8 inch.

CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G may cause discoloration of Bentgrass, Bermudagrass and St. Augustinegrass. This discoloration is temporary and normally outgrown within 2 to 3 weeks.

Avoid contact with flowers and shrubs except as recommended elsewhere on this label. Do not apply CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G to newly seeded areas. Seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after treatment except as noted above. Do not apply to Dichondra or Centipedegrass. CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G should not be used on putting greens or tees because of the varying cultural practices used.

When making applications to Tropic Lalo, applications must be made 0 – 12 days after sprigging. Do not use in areas where endangered Hawaiian Goose or nene (*Branta sandvicensis*), Hawaiian duck (*Anas wyvilliana*), Hawaiian Stilt (*Himantopus mexicanus knudseni*), and Hawaiian Moorhen (*Gallinula chloropus sandvicensis*) may feed.

WOODY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS, VINES, TREES, AND CONIFER NURSERY APPLICATION*

Apply CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G anytime during the year, prior to weed seed germination, for weed control. CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G can be applied to both newly transplanted and established ornamentals. Application can be made to actively growing or dormant ornamentals. Rainfall or overhead irrigation after application of CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G will improve weed control activity. CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G should not be mixed into the soil. Cultivating or disturbing the soil may reduce the weed control activity of CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G. **Do not** apply to wet foliage or under conditions in which granules will collect on leaves. **Do not apply in greenhouses** as plant injury may result from codistillation of CHIPCO® RONSTAR® active ingredient onto leaf surfaces in condensation.

AMOUNT TO USE

Ground Application -- Apply CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G broadcast to ornamentals at 100 to 200 pounds of product per acre (or 2 1/4 to 4 1/2 pounds per 1,000 sq. ft.) depending on the weeds to be controlled, as listed below. Remove existing weed growth before application.

^{*} Not currently registered for use in California.

^{*} Not currently registered in California for use in Conifer Nurseries.

ANNUAL BRO	ADLEAF WEEDS	ANNUA	L GRASSES
Bittercress	(Cardamine spp.)	Annual Bluegrass	(Poa annua)
+Bristly Oxtongue	(Picris echioides)	+Annual Sedge	(Cyperus compressus)
Carpetweed	(Mollugo verticillata)	*Barnyardgrass	(Echinochloa crus-galli)
+Cheeseweed	(Malva parviflora)	+Bristly Foxtail	(Setaria verticillata)
Common Groundsel	(Senecio vulgaaris)	Crabgrass	(Digitaria spp.)
Common Purslane	(Portulaca olreacea)	Fall Panicum	(Panicum dichotomiflorum)
*Evening Primrose	(Oenothera spp.)	Green Foxtail	(Seetaria viridis)
+Fiddleneck	(Amsinckia intermedia)	Goosegrass	(Eleusine indica)
+Fireweed	(Epilobium angustifolium)	**Jungle Ricegrass	(Echinochloa colonum)
*Galinsoga	(Galinsoga spp.)	**Panama Paspalum	(Paspalum fimbriaatum)
+Garden Spurge	(Euphorhia hirta)	+Ripgut Bromegrass	(Bromus catharticus)
Golden Ragwort	(Senecio aureus)	+Wild Oats	(Avena fatua)
Lambsquarters	(Chenopodium album)		
**Liverwort	(Marchantia spp.)		
+Niruri	(Phyllanthus niruri)		
Pennsylvania Smartweed	(Polygonum pensylvanicum)		
Petty Spurge	(Euphorbia peplus)		
**Prostrate Spurge	(Euphorbia supina)		
Redroot Pigweed	(Amaraanthus retroflexus)		
+Shepherdspurse	(Capsella bursa-pastoris)		
+Sensitive Plant	(Mimosa predica)		
Sow Thistle	(Sonchus oleraceus)		
Speedwell	(Veronica spp)		
+Spiny Amaranth	(Amaranthus spinosus)		
Spotted Catsear	(Hypochaeris radicata)		
*Swinecress	(Coronopus didymus)		
Yellow Woodsorrel	(Oxalis stricta)		

^{*}Use 150 to 200 pounds (3.0 to 4.0 pounds of active ingredient) per acre for less susceptible weeds.

^{**}Use 200 pounds (4.0 pounds of active ingredient) per acre for less susceptible weeds.

⁺ Not currently registered for use in California.

How To Calibrate Spreaders For Applications Of $\textsc{CHIPCO}^{\circledR}$ $\textsc{RONSTAR}^{\circledR}$

		Rate	RONSTAR	®G	
Spreader Models	Ground Speed			cre) Swath Width	(5)
	(MPH)	100	150	200	(Feet)
		Spr	eader Settir	ngs	
CYCLONE B3-Pro	3	2.75	3.25	3.9	8
		Spr	eader Settir	ngs	
LELY HR*	3	3.25	3.75	4.25	
	4	3.5	4.25	4.5	
	5	3.75	4.5	5.0	21
		Spr	eader Settir	ngs	
LESCO ROTARY	3	С	D	E	7
		Spr	eader Settir	ngs	
SCOTT'S PRO R-8A	3	Н	l+	J+	9
		Spr	eader Settir	ngs	
SPYKER 24-22	3	3.5	4.0	4.25	8
		Spr	eader Settir	ngs	
VICON	3	13	15	18	
	4	15	18	22	
	5	16	21	25	22

^{*} Settings based on use of small seed feedring with central spreader setting

NOTE: These settings are for initial calibration only. It is strongly recommended that your equipment be calibrated prior to actual application, using these settings as a starting point.

CROP TOLERANCE

CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G is recommended for use on a wide variety of ornamental species and ground covers in container, field grown, and landscape planting situations. CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G may be used at the recommended rates on the following species.

ESTABLISHED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Abutilon	Abutilon pictum	*Citrus, Ornamental:	
Acacia	Acacia spp	Grapefruit	Citrus paradisi
Agapanthus	Agapanthus africanus	Lemon Lime	Citrus limon Citrus aurantifolia Bearss
Allamanda, Common	Allamanda cathartica	Mandarin	Citrus reticulata
Andromeda	Pieris spp	Tangelo Tangerine	Citrus XTangelo Minneola Citrus reticulata var. tangerina
Aralia	Aralia spinosa	Temple	Citrus Xnobilis Temple
Arborvitae	Thuja spp	Cuban Shaddock Valencia	Citrus maxima Citrus sinensis
Ash, Green	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Washington Navel	Citrus sinensis
Azalea	Rhododendron spp	+Cleyera	Cleyera laponica
+Baby's Breath	Gypsophila paniculata	+Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata
+Bald Cypress	Takodium distichum	Coromandel	Asystasia gangentica
Bamboo, Feathery	Bambusa vulgaris	Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster spp
Banyan, Weeping	Ficus benghalensia	+*Crabapple	Malus spp
Barberry	Berberis spp	Crapemyrtle	Lagerstroemia indica
Beafsteak plant	Acalypha wilkesiana	Chrysanthemum	Chrysanthemum spp
Bearbery	Arctostaphylos uva-ursi	Cypress	Cupressus spp
Beech, European	Fagus sylvatica	Cypress, Leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandii
Birch, Paper	Betula papyrifera	+Dahlia	Dahlia spp.
+Blanket Flower	Gaillardia aristata	Daphne, Fragrant	Daphne odora
+Blazing Star	Liatris spicata	Deutzia, Slender	Deutzia gracilis
Boxwood, Japanese	Buxus microphylla	+Dieffenbachia	Dieffenbachia spp
Boxwood, Common	Buxus sempervirens	Dogwood, Common Dogwood, Redosier	Cornus florida Cornus stolonifera
Bouganvillea	Bounganvillea spectabilis	Dogwood, Kedosiei Dogwood, Kousa	Cornus kousa
Brassaia, Dwarf	Brassaia actinophylla	Douglas fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii
Buddleia	Buddleia davidii	Elm	Ulmus spp
+Bugleflower	Ajuga reptans	Escallonia	Escallonia spp
Callistemon	Callistemon lanceolatus	Eucalyptus	Eucalyptus spp
Camellia, Common, Japanese Camellia, Sasangua	Camellia japonica Camellia sasangua	Euryops, Gray Leaved	Euryops pectinatus
Candytuft	lberis sempirvirens	Euonymus, Spreading Euonymus, Wintercreeper	Euonymus kiautshovicus Euonymus fortunei
Carissa	Carissa macrocarpa	Falsecypress, Hinoki	Chaemaecyparis obtusa
Carnation	Dianthus caryophyllus	Falsecypress, Japanese	Chaemaecyparis pisifera
Ceanothus	Ceanothus americanus	Flowering Quince	Chaenomeles speciosa
Cedar, Red	Juniperus virginia	Forsythia	Forsythia intermedia
Cedar, Atlas	Cedrus atlantica	Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides
Cistus	Cistus purpureus	Gazania, Trailing	Gazania uniflora leucoleana
		Ginko	Ginko biloba

ESTABLISHED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS (con't)

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
-Gladiolas		Metallic Plant	Hemigraphis colorata
-Golden Raintree	Koelreuteria paniculata	+Mexican Orange	Choisya ternata
leath, Spring	Erica carnea		•
leather, Scotch	Calluna vulgaris	+Mock Orange	Philadelphus virginalis
leliotropium	Heliotropium arborescens	Money Tree	Pleomele marginata
Hemlock, Canada	Tsuga canadensis	Murraea	Murraea exotica
libiscus	Hisbiscus spp	Murraea	Murraea paniculata
loneysuckle	Lonicera spp	Myoporum	Myoporum laetum
olly	llex spp		• .
e Plant	Carpobrotus edule	Myrtle	Myrtus communis
ma	Sida fallax	Nandina	Nandina domestica
y, Algerian y, English	Hedera canariensis Hedera helix	Oak	Quercus spp
asmine, Orange	Murraya paniculata	Ochana	Ochana serrulata
asmine, Primrose asmine, Star asmine, Showy	Jasminum mesnyi Trachelospermum jasminoides Jasminum floridum	Ohai	Samanea saman
uniper	Juniperus spp	Oleander	Nerium oleander
ustica	Justica brandegeana	Orthosiphon	Orthiosiphon stamineus
Kwanzan Cherry	Prunus serrulata	Osmanthus	Osmanthus heterophyllus
Lamb's Ear	Stachys byzantina	Pachysandra	Pachysandra terminalis
	Glacity's byzantina	Palm, Bamboo	Rhapi excelsa
antana, Trailing	Lantana montevidensis	Palm, Fishtail	Caryota spp
apalapa	Cheirodendron spp	Palm, Licuala Palm, Macarthur	Licuala Thunb. spp Ptychosperma marcarthuri
arah Euranaan	Larix decidua	Palm, Manac	Euterpe spp
arch, European	Lanx decidua	Palm, Manila Palm, Parlor	Veitchia merillii Collinia elegans
aurel, English	Prunus laurocerasus	Palm, Rattan	Daemonorops spp
Leopards – Bane	Doronicum cordatum	Palm, Sealing Wax Palm, Sugar	Cytrostachuys lakka Arenga saccharifera
•		+Paperbark Tree	Melaleuca leucadendra
eucothoe, Coast eucothoe, Drooping	Leucothoe axillaris Leucothoe fontanesia	+Peonv	Poeonia spp.
,, J	(catesbaei)	Periwinkle, Common	Vinca minor
ly of the Nile	Agapanthus umbellatus	Periwinkle, Large	Vinca major
ly of the rene	rigapantinas ambeliatas	Photinia, Frasier's	Photinia frasieri
lac	Syringa spp	Poinciana	Delonix regea
_ittleleaf Linden	Tilia cordata	Pine	Pinus spp
oquat	Eriobotrya japonica	Pittosporum, Japanese	Pittosporum tobira
.oquat	∟поропуа јаропіса	Plum, Natal	Carissa macrocarpa
lagnolia	Magnolia spp	Podocarpus, Yew	Podocarpus macrophylla
Mahonia, Grape Holly	Mahonia aquifolium	*Pomegranite	Punica granatum
1aple	Acer spp		

ESTABLISHED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS (con't)

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Poplar	Populus spp	+Statice	Limonium spp.
Potentilla Potentilla	Potentilla fruticosa Potentilla fragiformis	St.Johnswort, Golden St.Johnswort, Gokdencup	Hypericum frondosum Hypericum patulum
Privet	Ligustrum spp	Strawberry Tree Sumac, Staghorn	Arbutus unedo Rhus typhina
Protea species	Banksia menzesii Leucadendron discolor	+Sweet William	Dianthus barbatus
	Leucospermum cordifolium	Syzygium	Syzygium paniculatum
	Protea exinia	Trailing African Daisy	Osteospermum fruticosum
Pyracantha	Pyracantha coccinea	Viburnum	Viburnum spp
Raphiolepis	Raphiolepis umbellata	Wedelia	Wedelia trilobata
Redwood, Dawn	Metasequoia glyptostroboides	+Wisteria, Chinese	Wisteria synensis
Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp	+Witchhazel, Common	Hamamelis virginiana
Rose	Rosa spp	+Woadwaxen, Common	Genista tinctoria
Russian Olive	Eleagnus angustifolia	+Wooly Thyme	Thymus pseudolanugirosis
+Sargent Cherry	Prunus sargentii	Xylosma	Xylosma congestum
Scotch Broom	Cytisus scoparius	+Yew	Taxus spp
Sedum	Sedum album	I	
+Serviceberry, Saskatoon*	Amelancheir alnifolia		
Spruce	Picea spp		

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	
+Blanket Flower	Gaillardia aristata	Metallic Plant	Hemigraphis colorata	
Brassaia, Dwarf	Brassia actinophylla	Oak	Quercus spp	
Camellia	Camellia japonica	Periwinkle, Common	Vinca minor	
Carnation	Diianthus caryophyllus	Periwinkle, Large	Vinca major	
Cedar, Red	Juniperus atlantica	Pine	Pinus spp	
+Coromandel	Asystasia gangentica	Poplar	Populus spp	
Dogwood, Flowering	Cornus florida	Privet	Ligustrum spp	
Elm	Ulmus spp	Protea Species	Banksia menzesii	
Forsythia	Forsythia intermedia		Leucadendron discolor Leucospermum cordifolium	
Gazania, Trailing	Gazania uniflora leucoleana		Protea exinia	
+Hackberry	Celtis occidentalis	Rhododendron	Rhododendrun spp	
Ivy, Algerian	Hedera canariensis	Russian Olive	Eleagnus angustifolia	
Ivy, English	Hedera helix	Spruce	Picea spp	
Hemlock, Canada	Tsuga canadensis	Trailing African Daisy	Osteospermum fruticosum	
Holly	llex spp	Wedelia	Wedelia trilobata	
Ice Plant	Carpobrotus edule	+Wisteria, Chinese	Wisteria synensis	
Juniper	Juniperus spp	+Yew	Taxus spp	
+Leopards – Bane	Doronicum cordatum	1	. همره مالا	

FOREST NURSERY APPLICATION

Seedlings of the following species can be treated with CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G Herbicide when at least 4 weeks old:

COMMON NAME SCIENTIFIC NAME

Pine, Loblolly
Pine, Eastern White
Pine, Slash
Pinus teada
Pinus strobus
Pinus caribaea

SENSITIVE VARIETIES

Under certain growing conditions, the plant varieties listed below may be sensitive to CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G Herbicide. Growers should evaluate usage on a small scale prior to large scale applications.

PLANT SPECIES VARIETIES

Andromeda Snowdrift, Temple Bell

(Pieris japonica)

Azalea Pink Champagne, Hershey, (Rhododendron spp), Leuchtenfuer, Memoire John Hearrens,

Hino-Crimson, White Grandeur, Everest, Girard Roberta

Cotoneaster Eichholz, Himalayan, Shangri-la (Cotoneaster spp)

Crapemyrtle Petite Red Imp, Seminole Bush

(Lagerstroemia indica)

Heath, Spring Mediterranean Pink

(Erica carnea)

Hemlock, Canada Pendula

(Tsuga canadensis)

Hibiscus Red Heart

(Hibiscus syriacus)

Rhododendron Daphnoides, Nova Zembla, (Rhododendron spp), Catawba Album

Spruce, Norway Pumila

(Picea abies)

Spruce, White Densata

(Picea glauca)

Viburnum Davidii

(Viburnum spp)

- * For use only on plants that will not bear edible fruit within one year of CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G Herbicide application.
- + Not currently registered for use in California.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluation of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants, and of residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties or in all states or under all conditions. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE, ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

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Purchase of this material does not confer any rights under patents governing this product or the use thereof in countries outside of the United States.

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